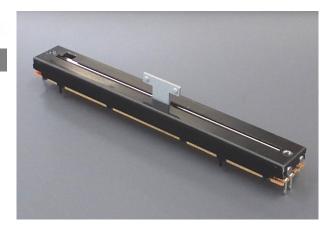
## LSVA Series

## Direct print resistance board

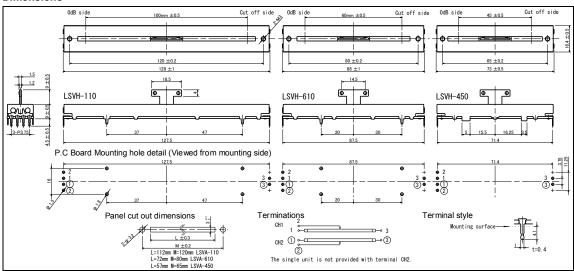
Long sliding life

### 3 kinds of stroke length

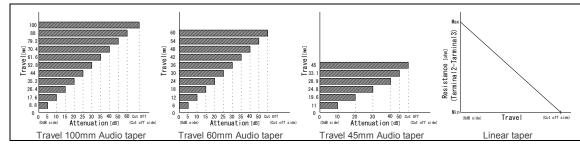
100mm, 60mm, 45mm



#### **Dimensions**



#### **Output Law**



The products and their specifications are subject to change without notice. TOKYO KO-ON DENPA CO., LTD. www.tkd-corp.com ED01A-201104

# **PROFADER**<sup>TM</sup>

#### Model number

2: 2circuits

2

LSVA-110 0

D

- B

10K

Number of circuit Blank: single circuit

Product type

LSVA-110: 100mm 0: Normal torque Blank: Without LSVA-610: 60mm 1: High torque LSVA-450: 45mm

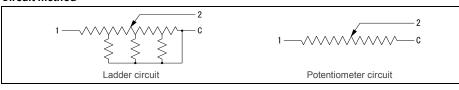
Dust cover D: With

Total Blank: Audio taper resistance B: Linear taper



With dust cover

#### Circuit method



#### **Electrical specifications**

	LSVA-xxxx	2LSVA-xxxx	LSVA-xxxx-B	2LSVA-xxxx-B	
Circuit (Unbalanced)	1	2	1	2	
Total resistance (1-C)	5k, 10kohm				
Total resistance tolerance	20%				
Taper	Audio (Ladder circuit)		Linear (Potentiometer circuit)		
Linearity	-		±5%		
Residual resistance	-		50ohm or less		
Attenuation accuracy	0~20dB: ±3.0dB		-		
Matching accuracy	-	0~20dB: 3.0dB		-	
Insertion loss	0.5dB or less		-		
Cut off (15Hz)	95dB Min.		-		
Voltage proof	1 Min. at AC500V				
Insulation resistance	50Mohm or more at DC250V				
Max rating	DC20V				
Sliding noise level	47mV or less (by JIS C 6443)				
Sliding life	100,000 Cycles Min. (18cycles/min, Sliding noise level: Less than 100mV)				

#### **Mechanical specifications**

	LSVA-1100 Series	LSVA-6100 Series	LSVA-4500 Series		
Stroke length	100mm±0.5mm	60mm±0.5mm	45mm±0.5mm		
Operating force	0~0.1N (Normal torque), 0.1~0.3N (High torque)				
Strength of Nut-Attached	100Ncm				
Attached Parts	M3 screw (Length: Panel thickness + 3mm)				
Stopper strength	30N				
Push-pull strength	30N				

#### **General specifications**

	LSVA Series		
Temp.range	-10 to +70 deg C (Operating), -15 to +75 deg C (Storage)		
Relative humidity	90%RH (No condensation)		

#### Note

- \* Solder heat resistance: 350deg C max, 5sec max, 2 times. (Manual soldering only)
- \* Please take care during soldering that the smoke from the solder does not flow inside a fader.
- \* If the flux sticks to a resistor board, it may cause a trouble with the fader.
- \* Move to one end in Control-bar on the occasion of knob wearing, and can break into it slowly.